

CONCERNS LIST

UNDO – Concern that reverses the most recent editing command.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/undo-redo.html>).

REDO – Concern that restores editing changes.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/undo-redo.html>).

TRANSFERRING TEXT - Set of commands and actions for moving and copying text (including cut, paste and copy).
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/text-transfer.html>).

KEYBOARDS COMMANDS - For manipulating entire words, lines and paragraphs at a time.

MARKERS – It is a pointer to a specific location within a buffer, which may or may not have a single-character *shortcut* associated with it.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/markers.html>).

SPLIT WINDOWS – A feature to split a window (view) into multiple panes.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/views.html>)

MULTIPLE SELECTION - In multiple selection mode, multiple fragments of text can be selected and operated on simultaneously, and the caret can be moved independently of the selection.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/selection.html#multi-select>).

WORD WRAP - Splits lines at word boundaries in order to fit text within a specified wrap margin.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/word-wrap.html>).

SYNTAX HIGHLIGHTING – It is the display of programming language tokens using different fonts and colors.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/modes.html#syntax-hilite>).

BRACKET MATCHING - jEdit has several features to make brackets easier to deal with.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/bracket-matching.html>).

INDENTATION - jEdit makes a distinction between the tab width, which is used when displaying hard tab characters, and the indent width, which is used when a level of indent is to be added or removed, for example by mode-specific auto indent routines.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/indent.html>).

CODE COMMENTS - jEdit has commands which make inserting comments more convenient.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/commenting.html>).

ABBREVIATIONS - Abbreviations are invoked by typing a couple of letters and take the word before the caret as the abbreviation name.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/abbrevs.html>).

FOLDING - Lets you selectively hide and show these sections, replacing hidden ones with a single line that serves as an “overview” of that section.
See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/folding.html>).

SEARCH AND REPLACE – This Concern displays a dialog box that allows you search and replace

text.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/search-replace.html>).

OPEN FILE – This Concern displays a file system browser dialog box and loads the specified file into a new buffer.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/opening.html>).

SAVE FILE – This Concern saves the current buffer to disk. It still allows rename the buffer and saves it in a new location (*Save as*) or It allows to save the buffer to a different location but does not rename the buffer (*Save a Copy As*).

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/saving.html>).

CLOSE FILE – This Concern closes the current buffer or all buffers (Close All).

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/closing-exiting.html>).

NEW FILE – This function opens a new, empty, buffer.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/creating.html>).

CHARACTER ENCODING - A character encoding is a mapping from a set of characters to their on-disk representation.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/encodings.html>).

PRINTING - This Concern prints the current buffer.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/printing.html>).

TEXT INSERTION – It represents the text insertion (typing) in the text area.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/entering-text.html>)

TEXT DELETION – It represents the text deletion in the text area.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/entering-text.html>).

KEYBOARD FOCUS – Feature to represent where the keyboard typing is focusing in the screen. To ensure that the keyboard is focused in the text area, you can always use the mouse and click in it, but a more keyboard-friendly way is preferred when you are just about to start typing anyway. For this reason, a number of jEdit's actions have a side-effect of focusing on the text area as well. Ex: View - Toggle Full Screen; View – Scrolling - Scroll and Center Caret; View – Scrolling - Scroll to Line; View – Docking - Toggle Docked Areas; View – Docking - Close current docking area.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/keyboard-focus.html>).

SCROLLING - If you have a mouse with a scroll wheel, you can use the wheel to scroll up and down in the text area. Keyboard commands for scrolling the text area are also available.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/scrolling.html>).

MACROS RECORDING – Macros in jEdit are short scripts written in a scripting language called BeanShell. The simplest use of macros is to record a series of key strokes and menu commands as a BeanShell script, and play them back later.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/recording-macros.html>).

MACROS RUNNING - For running an existing macro.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/running-macros.html>).

PLUGIN MANAGER – This Concern displays the plugin manager window. It consists of three

tabs: Manage, Update and Install.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/plugin-manager.html>).

TIPS OF THE DAY - When starting jEdit, this function displays tips to help use it.

RELOADING FROM DISK – It used to reload the current buffer from disk at any other time. It still discards unsaved changes in all open buffers and reload them from disk (Reload All).

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/reloading.html>).

WINDOW DOCKING - A docking layout is similar to an Eclipse "Perspective" in that it describes a set of dockable windows that are visible to the user at any given time, hiding the rest.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/docking.html>).

BEANSHELL (BSH) INTEGRATION – BeanShell is a small, free, embeddable, Java source interpreter with object scripting language Concerns, written in Java. BeanShell executes standard Java statements and expressions, in addition to obvious scripting commands and syntax. BeanShell supports scripted objects as simple method closures like those in Perl and JavaScript.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/macro-tips-BeanShell.html>),

(<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/bsh-commands.html>).

BUFFER OPTIONS - It displays a dialog box for changing editor settings on a per-buffer basis.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/buffer-opts.html>).

GLOBAL OPTIONS – This Concern display a dialog box that is divided into several panes, each pane containing a set of related options.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/global-opts.html>).

PLUGIN OPTIONS – This Concern displays a dialog box for changing plugin settings.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/plugin-manager.html>).

ACTION BAR - The action bar allows almost any editor Concern to be accessed from the keyboard.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/action-bar.html>).

STATUS BAR – The status bar consists of a number of components, such as: caret position informatio, a message area where various prompts and status messages are shown etc.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/status-bar.html>).

TOOL BAR - The file system browser has a tool bar containing a number of buttons.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/vfs-browser.html#d0e1964>).

SWITCHING BUFFER - Each EditPane has an optional drop-down BufferSwitcher at the top. The BufferSwitcher shows the current buffer and can also be used to switch the current buffer, using menu item commands and their keyboard shortcuts.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/buffers.html>)

BUFFERSETS - The buffer sets Concern helps keep the buffer lists local and manageable when using jEdit in a multiple-View and multiple-EditPane environment.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/buffersets.html>)

PLUGINS MENU – This menu displays plugins commands.

COMMANDS MENU – This menu displays commands like 'Parent Directory' and 'Reload Directory'.

FAVORITE MENU – This menu displays all files and directories in the favorites list.

EXITING JEdit – This Concern allows a completely exit jEdit, prompting if unsaved buffers should be saved first.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/closing-exiting.html>).

RANGE SELECTION - Dragging the mouse creates a range selection from where the mouse was pressed to where it was released.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/selection.html#d0e2421>).

RECTANGULAR SELECTION – Selection of a text fragment by dragging the mouse with the control key held down for creating a rectangular selection.

See more: (<http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/selection.html#d0e2421>).

USEFUL RESOURCES

jEdit user's guide: <http://www.jedit.org/users-guide/index.html>,
<http://www.jedit.org/index.php?page=download>.

jEdit features: <http://www.jedit.org/index.php?page=features>.

jEdit source code compiled: <http://java.labsoft.dcc.ufmg.br/qualitas.class/download.html>